# Southwest Pennsylvania March 2012

Property Owner: Hainy Sample ID: SWPAGW11

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

Sample Date: 03/26/2012

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
General Chemistry					
	рН	pH units	6.98		
	SPECIFIC CONDUCTIVITY	mS/cm	0.710		
	TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	462		
	OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTIAL	mV	23		
	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L	0.25		
	TEMPERATURE	degrees Celsius	13.6		
	TURBIDITY	NTU	2.3		
	CHLORIDE	mg/L	16.6		
	BROMIDE	mg/L	1.98		
	FLUORIDE	mg/L	0.08	J	4
	SULFATE	mg/L	91.6		
	HYDROGEN SULFIDE	mg S/L	<0.01	U	
	NITRATE + NITRITE	mg N/L	0.73		10
	FERROUS IRON	mg Fe <sup>2+</sup> /L	0.05	J	
	AMMONIA	mg N/L	<0.10	U	
	DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON	mg/L	0.73		
	DISSOLVED INORGANIC CARBON	mg/L	80.0		
	ALKALINITY	mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /L	290		
	ANION-CATION BALANCE	%	1.9		

# Field-determined concentrations of ferrous iron and hydrogen sulfide are screening values.

### **Volatile Organics**

1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE
1,2,3-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

μg/L	<0.5	U	200
μg/L	R	R	5
μg/L	<0.5	U	
μg/L	R	R	7
μg/L	<0.5	U	

### \*Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Volatile Organics	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	
	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	600
	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	μg/L	<0.5	U	5
	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	
	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	
	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	75
	ACETONE	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	ACRYLONITRILE	μg/L	<25	U	
	BENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	5
	CARBON DISULFIDE	μg/L	<0.5	U	
	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	μg/L	<0.5	U	5
	CHLOROBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	100
	CHLOROFORM	μg/L	<0.5	U	80
	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	70
	DIISOPROPYL ETHER	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	ETHANOL	μg/L	<100	U	
	ETHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	ETHYLBENZENE	μg/L	<1.0	U	700
	ISOPROPANOL	μg/L	<25	U	
	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	
	M+P XYLENE	μg/L	<2.0	U	10000
	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	μg/L	<1.0	U	5
	NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	
	O-XYLENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	10000
	STYRENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	100
	TERT-AMYL METHYL ETHER	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	μg/L	<5.0	U	
	TETRACHLOROETHENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	5

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

Sample Date: 03/26/2012

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Volatile Organics	TOLUENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	1000
	TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	100
	TRICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	<0.5	U	5
	VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L	<0.5	U	2

(R) Data rejected. 1,1,2-trichloroethane is subject to alkaline hydrolysis to 1,1-dichloroethene. This reaction could be supported by the sample preservative (trisodium phosphate).

### Semivolatile Organics

1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE
1,2-BENZPHENANTHRACENE
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE
1,2-DINITROBENZENE
1,3 -DINITROBENZENE
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE
1,3-DIMETHYLADAMANTANE
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE
1,4-DINITROBENZENE
1-METHYLNAPHTHALENE
2,3,4,6-TETRACHLOROPHENOL
2,3,5,6-TETRACHLOROPHENOL
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL
2,4-DINITROPHENOL
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE
2-BUTOXYETHANOL
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE

μg/L	<1.00	U	70
μg/L	<1.00	U	
μg/L	<1.00	U	600
μg/L	<1.00	U	
μg/L	<1.00	U	
μg/L	<1.00	U	
μg/L	<1.00	U,J-	
μg/L	<1.00	U	75
μg/L	<1.00	U	
μg/L	<1.00	U	
μg/L	<2.00	U	
μg/L	<3.00	U	
μg/L	<1.00	U	

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Semivolatile Organics	2-CHLOROPHENOL	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	2-METHYLPHENOL	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	2-NITROANILINE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	2-NITROPHENOL	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	3&4-METHYLPHENOL	μg/L	<5.00	U	
	3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	3-NITROANILINE	μg/L	<3.00	U	
	4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	4-CHLOROANILINE	μg/L	<3.00	U	
	4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	4-NITROANILINE	μg/L	<3.00	U	
	4-NITROPHENOL	μg/L	<3.00	U	
	ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	ADAMANTANE	μg/L	<1.00	J-,U	
	ANILINE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	ANTHRACENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	AZOBENZENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BENZO(A)PYRENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	0.2
	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BENZOIC ACID	μg/L	<3.00	U	
	BENZYL ALCOHOL	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BIS-(2-CHLOROETHOXY)METHANE	μg/L	<1.00	U	

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Semivolatile Organics	BIS-(2-CHLOROETHYL)ETHER	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BIS-(2-CHLOROISOPROPYL)ETHER	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) ADIPATE	μg/L	<1.00	U	400
	BIS-(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	μg/L	<2.00	U	6
	BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	CARBAZOLE	μg/L	<3.00	U	
	DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	DIBENZOFURAN	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	DIETHYL PHTHALATE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	DIPHENYLAMINE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	FLUORENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	1
	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	50
	HEXACHLOROETHANE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	INDENO(1,2,3-CD)PYRENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	ISOPHORONE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	NITROBENZENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	μg/L	<0.50	U	
	N-NITROSODI-N-PROPYLAMINE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	μg/L	<1.00	U	1
	PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	PHENOL	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	PYRENE	μg/L	<1.00	U	

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

Sample Date: 03/26/2012

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Semivolatile Organics	PYRIDINE	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	R-(+)-LIMONENE	μg/L	<1.00	U,J-	
	SQUALENE	μg/L	<2.00	U	
	TERPINIOL	μg/L	<1.00	U	
	TRI-(2-BUTOXYETHYL) PHOSPHATE	μg/L	<1.00	U	

### **Dissolved Gases**

METHANE	mg/L	<0.0014	U	
ETHANE	mg/L	<0.0027	U	
PROPANE	mg/L	<0.0038	U	
BUTANE	mg/L	<0.0048	U	

### **Glycols**

2-BUTOXYETHANOL	μg/L	<10	U,J-	
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	μg/L	<25	U	
TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL	μg/L	<50	U,J-	
TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL	μg/L	<25	U	

The method used for glycol analysis is under development.

# Low Molecular Weight Acids

ACETATE	
BUTYRATE	
FORMATE	
ISOBUTYRATE	
LACTATE	
PROPIONATE	

mg/L	<0.10	U	
mg/L	<0.10	U	
mg/L	R	R	
mg/L	<0.10	U	
mg/L	<0.10	U	
mg/L	<0.10	U	

(R) Data rejected. Formate contamination in blanks.

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

Sample Date: 03	7/26/2012				
	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Extractable Petroleum	DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS	μg/L	84.4		
Hydrocarbons	GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS/TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	μg/L	<20.0	U	
Dissolved Metals					
	DISSOLVED ALUMINUM	μg/L	<20.0	U	
	DISSOLVED ANTIMONY	μg/L	<2.0	U	î
	DISSOLVED ARSENIC	μg/L	0.63	J	10
	DISSOLVED BARIUM	μg/L	33	J	2000
	DISSOLVED BERYLLIUM	μg/L	<10	U	4
	DISSOLVED BORON	μg/L	<333	U	
	DISSOLVED CADMIUM	μg/L	<1.0	U	5
	DISSOLVED CALCIUM	mg/L	104		
	DISSOLVED CHROMIUM	μg/L	<2.0	U	100
	DISSOLVED COBALT	μg/L	<4	U	
	DISSOLVED COPPER	μg/L	2.9		1300
	DISSOLVED IRON	μg/L	75		
	DISSOLVED LEAD	μg/L	0.46	J	15
	DISSOLVED MAGNESIUM	mg/L	29.4		
	DISSOLVED MANGANESE	μg/L	821		
	DISSOLVED MOLYBDENUM	μg/L	<17	U	
	DISSOLVED NICKEL	μg/L	3.0		
	DISSOLVED PHOSPHORUS	mg/L	<0.06	U	
	DISSOLVED POTASSIUM	mg/L	1.59	J	
	DISSOLVED SELENIUM	μg/L	<5.0	U	50
	DISSOLVED SILICON	mg/L	6.66	J	
	DISSOLVED SILVER	μg/L	<16	U	
	DISSOLVED SODIUM	mg/L	11.0	J	
	DISSOLVED STRONTIUM	μg/L	309		
	DISSOLVED SULFUR	mg/L	32.0	J	
	DISSOLVED THALLIUM	μg/L	<1.0	U	2

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

Sample Date: 03/26/2012

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Dissolved Metals	DISSOLVED THORIUM	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	DISSOLVED TITANIUM	μg/L	<7	U	
	DISSOLVED URANIUM	μg/L	0.90	J	30
	DISSOLVED VANADIUM	μg/L	<10	U	
	DISSOLVED ZINC	μg/L	<50	U	

### **Total Metals**

TOTAL ALUMIN	NUM	μg/L	<20.0	U	
TOTAL ANTIMO	YNC	μg/L	<2.0	U	î
TOTAL ARSEN	IC	μg/L	0.78	J	10
TOTAL BARIUN	M	μg/L	33	J	2000
TOTAL BERYL	LIUM	μg/L	<11	U	4
TOTAL BORON	1	μg/L	<370	U	
TOTAL CADMI	UM	μg/L	<1.0	U	5
TOTAL CALCIL	JM	mg/L	104	J	
TOTAL CHRON	ИIUM	μg/L	<2.0	U	100
TOTAL COBAL	Т	μg/L	<4	U	
TOTAL COPPE	R	μg/L	24.9		1300
TOTAL IRON		μg/L	383	J	
TOTAL LEAD		μg/L	4.3		15
TOTAL MAGNE	ESIUM	mg/L	29.9	J	
TOTAL MANGA	ANESE	μg/L	2200	J	
TOTAL MOLYB	DENUM	μg/L	<19	U	
TOTAL NICKEL	-	μg/L	0.33	J	
TOTAL PHOSP	PHORUS	mg/L	<0.07	U	
TOTAL POTAS	SIUM	mg/L	1.69	J	
TOTAL SELEN	IUM	μg/L	<5.0	U	50
TOTAL SILICO	N	mg/L	6.20	J	
TOTAL SILVER	2	μg/L	<16	J-,U	

### \*Maximum contaminant level

Sample ID: SWPAGW11 Property Owner: Stacy Hainy

Sample Date: 03/26/2012

	Analyte	Units	Result	Qualifier	MCL*
Total Metals	TOTAL SODIUM	mg/L	11.9	J	
	TOTAL STRONTIUM	μg/L	307	J	
	TOTAL SULFUR	mg/L	27.9	J	
	TOTAL THALLIUM	μg/L	<1.0	U	2
	TOTAL THORIUM	μg/L	<1.0	U	
	TOTAL TITANIUM	μg/L	<8	U	
	TOTAL URANIUM	μg/L	0.92	J	30
	TOTAL VANADIUM	μg/L	<11	U	
	TOTAL ZINC	μg/L	35	J	

### Isotopes

$\delta^{\scriptscriptstyle{13}}\text{C}$ DISSOLVED INORGANIC CARBON
δ <sup>13</sup> C METHANE
δ²H METHANE
$\delta^{18}$ O WATER
δ²H WATER
<sup>87</sup> Sr/ <sup>86</sup> Sr

%	-14.41	
‰	NR	
‰	NR	
‰	-8.21	
‰	-52.93	
Atom Ratio	0.713013	

### Radiometric

GROSS ALPHA GROSS BETA RADIUM - 226 RADIUM - 228

15	U	<3.0	pCi/L
	U	<4.0	pCi/L
Combined	U	<1.0	pCi/L
5	U	<1.0	pCi/L

#### \*Maximum contaminant level

# **Analytes and Parameters**

#### **Field Parameters**

Temp	Temperature
SPC	Specific Conductivity
TDS	Total Dissolved Solids (calculated from SPC)
DO	Dissolved Oxygen
pН	Hydrogen Ion Activity
ORP	Oxidation/Reduction Potential
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	Ferrous Iron
H <sub>2</sub> S	Hydrogen Sulfide
Alkalinity	Capacity to Neutralize Acids
Turbidity	Measurement of relative clarity of water

### **Anions and Ammonia**

Br <sup>-</sup>	Bromide
Cl <sup>-</sup>	Chloride
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Sulfate
F <sup>-</sup>	Fluoride
NO <sub>3</sub> + NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrate + Nitrite
NH <sub>3</sub>	Ammonia

### Carbon Group

DOC	Dissolved Organic Carbon
DIC	Dissolved Inorganic Carbon

### Isotopes and Dissolved Gases

Не	Helium
H <sub>2</sub>	Hydrogen
Ar O <sub>2</sub>	Argon
	Oxygen
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon dioxide
$N_2$	Nitrogen
СО	Carbon monoxide
C <sub>1</sub>	Methane
C <sub>2</sub>	Ethane
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	Ethene
C <sub>3</sub>	Propane
C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Propylene
iC <sub>4</sub>	Isobutane
nC <sub>4</sub>	Normal Butane
iC <sub>5</sub>	Isopentane
nC <sub>5</sub>	Normal Pentane
C <sub>6</sub> +	Hexane Plus
$\delta^{13}C_1$	[( <sup>13</sup> C/ <sup>12</sup> C)Sample-Stan./( <sup>13</sup> C/ <sup>12</sup> C)Stan.] * 1000
δDC <sub>1</sub>	[(2H/H)Sample-Stan./(2H/H)Stan.] * 1000
$\delta^{13}C_2$	[( <sup>13</sup> C/ <sup>12</sup> C)Sample-Stan./( <sup>13</sup> C/ <sup>12</sup> C)Stan.] * 1000
δ <sup>13</sup> C DIC	[( <sup>13</sup> C/ <sup>12</sup> C)Sample-Stan./( <sup>13</sup> C/ <sup>12</sup> C)Stan.] * 1000
δ <sup>34</sup> S (in sulfide and sulfate)	[( <sup>34</sup> S/ <sup>32</sup> S)Sample-Stan./( <sup>34</sup> S/ <sup>32</sup> S)Stan.] * 1000
δ <sup>18</sup> O (in sulfate)	[( <sup>18</sup> O/ <sup>16</sup> O)Sample-Stan./( <sup>18</sup> O/ <sup>16</sup> O)Stan.] * 1000
BTU	British Thermal Unit

### Metals

Ag	Silver
Al	Aluminum
As	Arsenic
В	Boron
Ва	Barium
Ве	Beryllium
Ca	Calcuim
Cd	Cadmium
Co	Cobalt
Cr	Chromium
Cu	Copper
Fe	Iron
K	Potassium
Li	Lithium
Mg	Magnesium
Mn	Manganese
Мо	Molybdenum
Na	Sodium
Ni	Nickel
Р	Phosphorus
Pb	Lead
S	Sulfur
Sb	Antimony
Se	Selenium
Si	Silicon
Sr	Strontium
Th	Thorium
Ti	Titanium
TI	Thallium
U	Uranium
V	Vanadium
Zn	Zinc

### Radiometric

Ra-226	Radium-226
Ra-228	Radium-228
Gross Alpha	Gross alpha particle activity
Gross Beta	Gross beta particle activity

### Strontium Isotopes

Sr	Strontium
Rb	Rubidium

### **Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons**

DRO	Diesel Range Organics
GRO	Gasoline Range Organics

### Water Isotopes

$\delta^2 H$	[( <sup>2</sup> H/H)Sample-Stan./( <sup>2</sup> H/H)Stan.] * 1000
δ <sup>18</sup> O	[( <sup>18</sup> O/ <sup>16</sup> O)Sample-Stan./( <sup>18</sup> O/ <sup>16</sup> O)Stan.] * 1000

Low Molecular Weight Acids	
CAS Number	
Lactate	50-21-5
Formate	64-18-6
Acetate	64-19-7
Propionate	79-09-4
Isobutyrate	79-31-2
Butyrate	107-92-6

### **Dissolved Gases**

	CAS Number
Methane	74-82-8
Ethane	74-84-0
Propane	74-98-6
Butane	106-97-8

#### Surfactants\*

	CAS Number
Octylphenol ethoxylate	9002-93-1
Nonylphenol ethoxylate	26027-38-3
Ethoxylated alcohol C12	
Ethoxylated alcohol C13	
Ethoxylated alcohol C14	
Nonylphenol	25154-52-3
Octylphenol	27193-28-8

### Acrylamide\*

	CAS Number
Acrylamide	79-06-1

### Glycols

	CAS Number
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6
Triethylene glycol	112-27-6
Tetraethylene glycol	112-60-7

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

	CAS Number
ethanol	64-17-5
isopropanol	67-63-0
acrylonitrile	107-13-1
styrene	100-42-5
acetone	67-64-1
tert-butyl alcohol	75-65-0
methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4
diisopropyl ether	108-20-3
ethyl tert-butyl ether	637-92-3
tert-amyl methyl ether	994-05-8
vinyl chloride	75-01-4
1,1-dichloroethene	75-35-4
carbon disulfide	75-15-0
methylene chloride	75-09-2
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	156-60-5
1,1-dichloroethane	75-34-3
cis-1,2-dichoroethene	156-59-2
chloroform	67-66-3
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6
carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5
benzene	71-43-2
1,2-dichloroethane	107-06-2
trichloroethene	79-01-6
toluene	108-88-3
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5
tetrachloroethene	127-18-4
chlorobenzene	108-90-7
ethylbenzene	100-41-4
m+p xylene	108-38-3,106-42-3
o-xylene	95-47-6
isopropylbenzene	98-82-8
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	108-67-8
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
1,3-dichlorobenzene	541-73-1
1,4-dichlorobenzene	106-46-7
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	526-73-8
1,2-dichlorobenzene	95-50-1
naphthalene	91-20-3

<sup>\*</sup>These analyte groups were not analyzed in this sampling event.

Semivolatile Organic Compounds (sVOC)

Semivolatile C	CACAL -
<b>5</b> ( ) !!	CAS Number
R-(+)-limonene	5989-27-5
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	120-82-1
1,2-dichlorobenzene	95-50-1
1,2-dinitrobenzene	528-29-0
1,3-dichlorobenzene	541-73-1
1,3-dimethyladamantane	702-79-4
1,3-dinitrobenzene	99-65-0
1,4-dichlorobenzene	106-46-7
1,4-dinitrobenzene	100-25-4
1-methylnaphthalene	90-12-0
2,3,4,6-tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2
2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenol	935-95-5
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	95-95-4
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	88-06-2
2,4-dichlorophenol	120-83-2
2,4-dimethylphenol	105-67-9
2,4-dinitrophenol	51-28-5
2,4-dinitrotoluene	121-14-2
2,6-dinitrotoluene	606-20-2
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2
2-chloronaphthalene	91-58-7
2-chlorophenol	95-57-8
2-methylnaphthalene	91-57-6
2-methylphenol	95-48-7
2-nitroaniline	88-74-4
2-nitrophenol	88-75-5
3&4-methylphenol	108-39-4 & 106-44-5
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1
3-nitroaniline	99-09-2
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1
4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7
4-chloroaniline	106-47-8
4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72-3
4-nitroaniline	100-01-6
4-nitrophenol	100-02-7
Acenaphthene	83-32-9
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8
Adamantane	281-23-2
Aniline	62-53-3
Anthracene	120-12-7
Azobenzene	103-33-3
Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3

Semivolatile Organic Compounds (sVOC)

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# Hydraulic Fracturing Sampling and Analytical QA/QC Definitions

Sampling and Analytical QA/QC Terms	Definition		
Equipment Blank	A sample of analyte-free media which has been used to rinse sampling equipment or has been filtered in the same manner as filtered samples to check effectiveness of decontamination procedures.		
Field Blank	Blank prepared in the field by filling a clean container with de-ionized water and appropriate preservative, if any, for the specific sampling activity being undertaken.		
Field Duplicate	Independent samples which are collected as close as possible to the same point in space and time. They are two separate samples taken from the same source, stored in separate containers, and analyzed independently. These duplicates are useful in documenting the precision of the sampling process.		
Holding Time	The period of time a sample may be stored prior to its required analysis. While exceeding the holding time does not necessarily negate the veracity of analytical result it causes the qualifying or "flagging" of any data not meeting all of the specified acceptance criteria.		
Laboratory Blank	An analyte-free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in sample processing. The method blank should be carried through the complete sample preparation and analytical procedure. The method blank is used to document contamination resulting from the analytical process.		
Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)	A known matrix spiked with compound(s) representative of the target analytes. This is used to document laboratory performance.		
Matrix Spike (MS)	An aliquot of sample spiked with a known concentration of target analyte(s). The spiking occurs prior to sample preparation and analysis. A matrix spike is used to document the bias of a method in a given sample matrix.		
Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD)	intralaboratory split samples spiked with identical concentrations of target analyte(s). The spiking occurs prior to sample preparation and analysis. They are used to document the precision and bias of a method in a given sample matrix.		
Method Detection Limit (MDL)	The minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero and is determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix type containing the analyte. (If dilution of a sample is necessary, the MDL of all compounds is elevated by the dilution factor, regardless of their presence or absence. Dilution may be necessary to either bring high concentration target analytes into calibration range or to reduce the interference effects from a high concentration of nontarget compounds on the analyte of interest.)		
Quantitation Limit (QL)	The lowest concentration that can be reliably achieved within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operating conditions. The QL is generally 5 to 10 times the MDL. However, it may be nominally chosen within these guidelines to simplify data reporting. For many analytes, the QL analyte concentration is selected as the lowest non-zero standard in the calibration curve. (If dilution of a sample is necessary, the QL of all compounds is elevated by the dilution factor, regardless of their presence or absence. Dilution may be necessary to either bring high concentration target analytes into calibration range or to reduce the interference effects from a high concentration of nontarget compounds on the analyte of interest.)		
Trip Blank	A sample of analyte-free media taken from the laboratory to the sampling site and returned to the laboratory unopened. A trip blank is used to document contamination attributable to shipping and field handling procedures. This type of blank is useful in documenting contamination of volatile organics samples.		

### References

 $http://www.epa.gov/osw/hazard/testmethods/sw846/pdfs/chap1.pdf \\ http://www.epa.gov/superfund/programs/clp/download/ism/ism12e-h.pdf$ 

#### **Data Qualifiers**

Qualifier	Definition	
U	The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected above the reported quantitation limit (QL).	
J	The analyte was positively identified. The associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample (due either to the quality of the data generated because certain quality control criteria were not met, or the concentration of the analyte was below the QL).	
J+	The result is an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high.	
J-	For both detected and non-detected results, the result is estimated but may be biased low.	
В	The analyte is found in a blank sample above the QL and the concentration found in the sample is less than 10 times the concentration found in the blank.	
Н	The sample was prepared or analyzed beyond the specified holding time. Sample results may be biased low.	
*	Relative percent difference of a field or lab duplicate is outside acceptance criteria.	
R	The data are unusable. The sample results are rejected due to serious deficiencies in the ability to analyze the sample and/or meet quality control criteria. Sample results are not reported. The analyte may or may not be present in the sample.	

### **Data Descriptors**

Descriptor	Definition	
NA	Not Applicable (See QAPP)	
NR	Not Reported by Laboratory or Field Sampling Team	
ND	Not Detected	
NS	Not Sampled	

Note: If the analyte concentration was less than the Quantitation Limit (<QL), then the B qualifier was not applied.

If both an analyte and an associated blank concentration are between the MDL and QL, then the sample results are reported as <QL and qualified with U.

For samples associated with high Matrix Spike recoveries, the J+ qualifier was not applied if the analyte was less than the Quantitation Limit (<OL)

For samples associated with low Matrix Spike recoveries, the J- qualifier was applied to the analyte with low recovery regardless of analyte concentration (< or > QL).

The Agency is dedicated to delivering high quality data. This is the expectation for EPA's Hydraulic Fracturing research study which is considered to be a Highly Influential Scientific Assessment (HISA).<sup>†</sup> To meet the level of quality and rigor required by HISAs, the data have undergone thorough data validation procedures. Through this process, data quality issues were identified and appropriately noted with data qualifiers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> A scientific assessment is considered to be highly influential if the EPA or OMB's Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs Administrator determine that the dissemination could have a potential impact of more than \$500 million in any one year on either the public or private sector OR that the dissemination is novel, controversial, or precedent-setting, or has significant interagency interest.

# **Key for Sample ID Numbers**

ID	Definition
SWPA	Sample site
GW	Ground water sample
SW	Surface water sample
01	Sampling location
0312	Sample month and year
d	Field Duplicate

Example Sample ID						
SWPAGW04-0312						
SWPA	GW	04	0312			
Sample	Ground	Sampling Location	Sample			
Site = SW	Water		month and			
PA	Sample		year			